### **USING IA-CEPA: CLAIMING A LOWER TARIFF**



What you are exporting

Determine the applicable HS (tariff) Code

How are your goods treated

Use the HS (tariff) code to identify the tariff rate

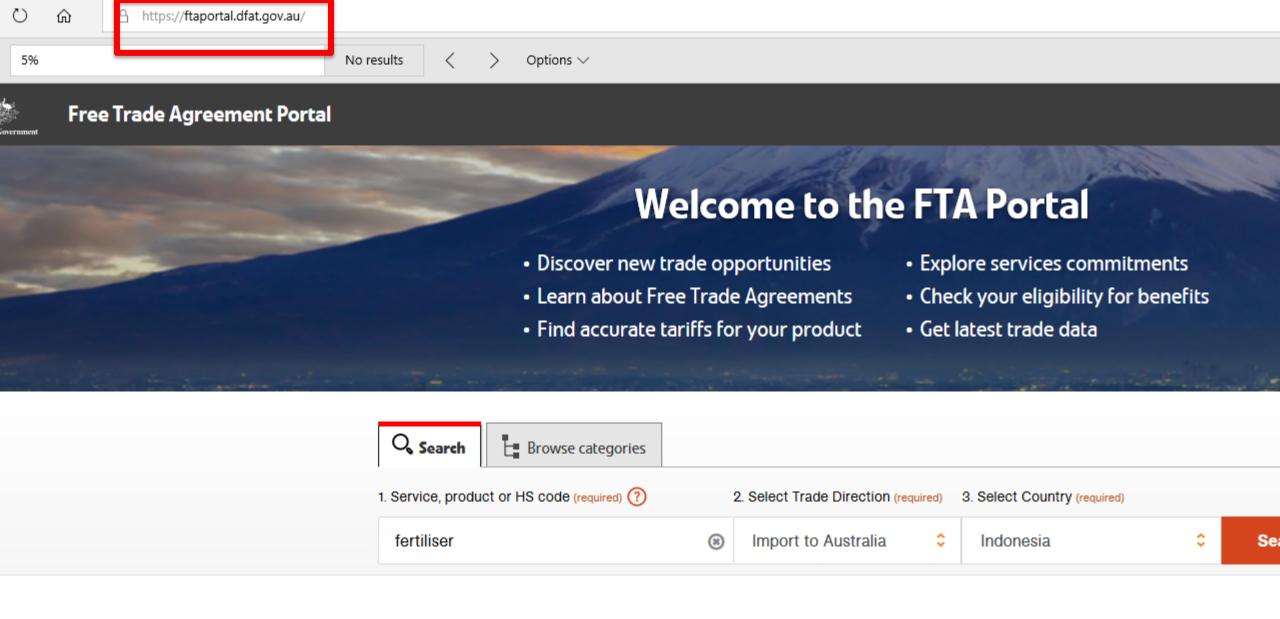
Does the good meet the FTA rules of origin

**Origin documents** 

Certificate or Declaration of Origin

Claiming FTA tariff preference

Submit origin documentation to the importing customs authority



## **Explore by Market**



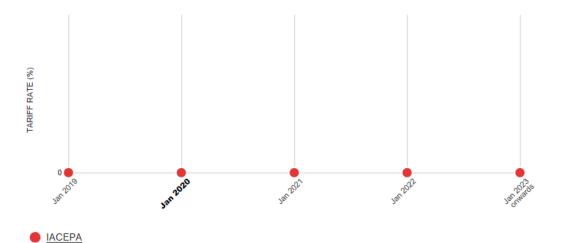
**HS Code:** 3101.00.00

Animal or vegetable fertilisers, whether or not mixed together or chemically treated; fertilisers produced by the mixing or chemical treatment of animal or vegetable products.

Animal or vegetable fertilisers, whether or not mixed together or chemically treated; fertilisers produced by the mixing or chemical treatment of animal or vegetable products

Tariffs	Import Market	Rules of Origin	Documentation
Agreement	Current tariff	Next cut Final c	outcome
• IACEPA	0%	0% on	1 January 2019

#### **Tariff chart**



Q Find product / service

 $\circ$ 

Animal or vegetable fertilisers, whether or not mixed together or chemically treated; fertilisers produced by the mixing or chemical treatment of animal or vegetable products.

Animal or vegetable fertilisers, whether or not mixed together or chemically treated; fertilisers produced by the mixing or chemical treatment of animal or vegetable products

Tariffs Import Market **Rules of Origin** Documentation

In order to qualify for preferential treatment, your product will need to satisfy the rules of origin under the agreement.

Complete this short questionnaire to find out whether your product may qualify in relation to this tariff line (3101.00.00).

Show more information >

Determining if the	e product is who	olly obtained <b>or produced</b>	
Question 1			
Wholly obtained both countries.	d or produced go	ods are those which are exclusively derived from one or	
Yes	No		



Animal or vegetable fertilisers, whether or not mixed together or chemically treated; fertilisers produced by the mixing or chemical treatment of animal or vegetable products.

Animal or vegetable fertilisers, whether or not mixed together or chemically treated; fertilisers produced by the mixing or chemical treatment of animal or vegetable products

Import Market Rules of Origin Tariffs Documentation

To claim preferential tariff treatment under an FTA, importing customs usually requires documentary evidence to prove origin. Requirements can vary between FTAs. Select your preferred FTA below for more information:

Indonesia-Australia Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement (IACEPA)

 $\wedge$ 

To claim preferential treatment under IACEPA, Australian exporters will need to obtain a Certificate of Origin (COO) from one of the following authorised bodies. Charges will apply and may vary depending on authorised body.

- Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry (ACCI)

Further information on COOs is available at https://www.dfat.gov.au/sites/default/files/iacepachapter-4-rules-of-origin.pdf

#### **Self Certification**

IA-CEPA provides the option for Parties to implement the use of a Declaration of Origin (DOO) by registered or certified exporters as documentary evidence of origin. Further details on DOOs will be provided once implementation arrangements have been finalised.







Home > Trade and investment > Australia's free trade agreements (FTAs) > Free trade agreements in force > Indonesia (IA-CEPA) > Using IA-CEPA to do business with Indonesia > Guide to using IA-CEPA to export or import

Using IA-CEPA to do business with Indonesia

Guide to using IA-CEPA to export or import

# Guide to using IA-CEPA to export or import

#### **Download**

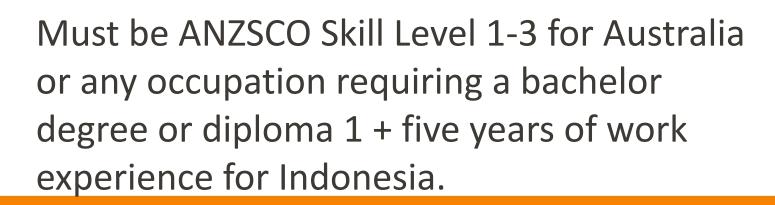
Guide to using IA-CEPA to export or import [DOCX 2.3 MB]

Guide to using IA-CEPA to export or import [PDF 2.5 MB]

### SKILLS DEVELOPMENT EXCHANGE

#### Which sectors are included

- Finance and insurance services
- Mining, engineering and related technical services
- ICT





#### SKILLS DEVELOPMENT EXCHANGE

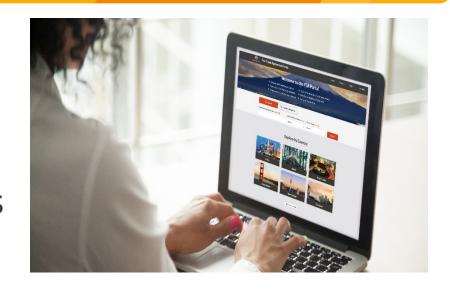
5.6 For a Workplace Placement in Indonesia, the Host Organisation must obtain a letter of support from one of the Indonesian Business Peak Bodies. The Ministry of Manpower will issue the Foreign Worker Utilization Plan (RPTKA) following receipt of a letter from the Host Organisation with the detail (copy of passport and curriculum vitae) of the Exchangee. For the submission process, the Host Organisation or Business Peak Body could access the official website, www.tka-online.kemnaker.go.id, to submit the application.

#### SKILLS DEVELOPMENT EXCHANGE: VISAS

- 6.2 For an exchange in Australia, individuals in Indonesia will need to apply for a Temporary Work (International Relations) Visa (Subclass 403) Government Agreement Stream or its equivalent. Visa applications must be submitted online, through the Department of Home Affairs' online system, ImmiAccount.
- 6.3 For an exchange in Indonesia, the Host Organisation in Indonesia will need to apply for a visa index 312, Limited Stay Visa. Visa applications should be submitted for processing to an Indonesian Directorate General Immigration Office in Indonesia or The Indonesian Embassy in Australia.

#### FREE TRADE AGREEMENTS: TWO INFORMATION SOURCES

The FTA Portal (ftaportal.dfat.gov.au) provides easy-to-access information about exporting and importing goods and services using Australia's FTAs.



The DFAT FTA web pages (fta.gov.au) have business guides for each in force FTA and information about negotiations.